

考 試 别:原住民族考試

等 别:四等考試

類科組別:各類科

科 目:基礎能力測驗(作文、英文及中華民國憲法)

考試時間:2小時

座號:

※注意:(→禁止使用電子計算器。(二)本科目試題包括作文及測驗兩部分,請妥適分配各題作答時間。

甲、作文部分:(40分)

 (一)作答時請將試題題號及答案依照順序寫在申論試卷上,並以藍、黑色鋼筆或原子筆由左至右 橫式作答,於本試題上作答者,不予計分。
 (二)不得於試卷上書寫姓名或座號。

在人生的賽道上,有人相信「要贏在起跑點」,也有人相信「能夠堅 持才會是贏家」。其實人生到達終點的路十分漫長,其中總有許多休息站, 可供我們暫時調整後再次出發。此外,每個人的天賦也不盡相同,有人適 合短跑衝刺,有人則擅於比拼耐力。

因此,在前進的過程中,有時覺得自己可以快一點,那就把速度拉高些;但有力量不太夠時,便可緩慢步行休息一下,看看遠處的風景,甚至 調整目標。總之依照自己的步伐,調整好速度,堅持下去不放棄,努力往 目標邁進,終究能到達目的地。

請以「調整自己的生命速度」為題,撰寫文章一篇,依據自己的經 驗與體會加以闡述:為了什麼要調整自己的生命前行速度?在調整過程中 又對自己有那些了解以及體悟?

乙、	· 測驗題部分: (60 分	•)	代號:1501				
	 (一)本試題為單一選擇題,請選出<u>一個正確或最適當答案</u>。 						
	(二)共30題,每題2分,須用 <u>2B鉛筆</u> 在試卡上依題號 <u>清楚</u> 劃記,於本試題或申論試卷上作答者,不予計分。						
1	More and more countries aim to significantly their carbon emission for a better living environm						
	(A) reduce	(B) maintain	(C) produce	(D) increase			
2	Amy always admiringly at John whenever he talks about science.						
	(A) hazes	(B) faces	(C) graces	(D) gazes			
3	In addition to the GDP, the prosperity of a nation should be in terms of the health and happiness of						
	its people.						
	(A) split	(B) recalled	(C) committed	(D) measured			
4	The company offered a financial to employees who achieved their sales targets.						
	(A) incident	(B) inclusion	(C) incentive	(D) invention			
5	Everyone can get a customized mug at the end of the meeting, by of the host institution.						
	(A) curiosity	(B) courtesy	(C) fantasy	(D) popularity			
6	The death rate from	he death rate from has nearly been cut in half as a result of medical development.					
	(A) venues	(B) wages	(C) funerals	(D) strokes			

- 7 Students with hearing _____ mostly lip-read to some extent so teachers must face them when they speak.

 (A) endeavor
 (B) flexibility
 (C) impairment
 (D) advantage
- 8 Cultural exchange programs provide a chance for young individuals to develop cross-cultural communication skills _____ for surviving in this global community.
 (A) required (B) inquired (C) inspired (D) aspired
- 9 Contrary to public perception, sharks do not ______ attack human beings unless they confuse them with seals. (A) culturally (B) habitually (C) profitably (D) thankfully
- 10 The street slept in darkness and everything fell silent except the _____ sound of a vehicle from the distance.

 (A) courageous
 (B) fascinated
 (C) occasional
 (D) thoughtful

 請依下文回答第 11 題至第 15 題

The Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) systems failed on early Wednesday morning. This accident that <u>11</u> thousands of flights across the country appeared to have been the result of a mistake. According to the internal review, an error occurred during the routine <u>12</u>. "An engineer replaced one file with another, not realizing that the mistake was <u>13</u> made," an official said. As the systems began showing problems and <u>14</u> failed, FAA staff feverishly tried to figure out what had gone wrong. The engineer who made the error did not realize what had happened. The FAA said normal operations were <u>15</u> gradually after ordering a nationwide pause on all domestic departures. It regretted that a computer failure had delayed and canceled flights around the country.

11	(A) impacted	(B) assessed	(C) exposed	(D) heralded		
12	(A) component	(B) accessibility	(C) maintenance	(D) inflammation		
13	(A) have	(B) being	(C) been	(D) had		
14	(A) luckily	(B) initially	(C) ultimately	(D) figuratively		
15	(A) resuming	(B) resorting	(C) resigning	(D) revealing		
請依下文回答第16題至第20題						

All energy sources have some impact on our environment. Fossil fuels—coal, oil, and natural gas—do substantially more harm than renewable energy sources by most measures, including air and water pollution, damage to public health, wildlife and habitat loss, water use, land use, and global warming emissions.

However, renewable sources such as wind, solar, geothermal, biomass, and hydropower also have environmental impacts, some of which are significant. The exact type and intensity of environmental impacts varies depending on the specific technology used, the geographic location, and a number of other factors. By understanding the current and potential environmental issues associated with each renewable energy source, we can take steps to effectively avoid or minimize these impacts as they become a larger portion of our electric supply.

Harnessing power from the wind is one of the cleanest and most sustainable ways to generate electricity as it produces no toxic pollution or global warming emissions. Wind is also abundant, inexhaustible, and affordable, which makes it a viable and large-scale alternative to fossil fuels. Despite its vast potential, there are a variety of environmental impacts associated with wind power generation that should be recognized and mitigated. They include land use issues and challenges to wildlife and habitat.

Like wind power, the sun provides a tremendous resource for generating clean and sustainable electricity. The environmental impacts associated with solar power can include land use and habitat loss, water use, and the

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use of hazardous materials in manufacturing, though the types of impacts vary greatly depending on the scale of the system and the technology used—photovoltaic (PV) solar cells or concentrating solar thermal plants (CSP).

The most widely developed type of geothermal power plant (known as hydrothermal plants) are located near geologic "hot spots" where hot molten rock is close to the earth's crust and produces hot water. In other regions enhanced geothermal systems (or hot dry rock geothermal), which involve drilling into the earth's surface to reach deeper geothermal resources, can allow broader access to geothermal energy. Geothermal plants also differ in terms of the technology they use to convert the resource to electricity (direct steam, flash, or binary) and the type of cooling technology they use (water-cooled and air-cooled). Environmental impacts differ depending on the conversion and cooling technology used.

Biomass power plants share some similarities with fossil fuel power plants: both involve the combustion of a feedstock to generate electricity. Sources of biomass resources for producing electricity are diverse, ranging from energy crops (like switchgrass), to agricultural waste, manure, forest products and waste, and urban waste. Biomass plants raise similar, but not identical, concerns about air emissions and water use as fossil fuel plants. However, the feedstock of biomass plants can be sustainable produced, while fossil fuels are non-renewable.

Hydroelectric power includes both massive hydroelectric dams and small run-of-the-river plants. Largescale hydroelectric dams continue to be built in many parts of the world (including China and Brazil). There are environmental impacts at both types of plants. They may take away wildlife habitats and ruin the ecosystem.

Hydrokinetic energy, which includes wave and tidal power, encompasses an array of energy technologies, many of which still in the experimental stages or in the early stages of deployment. While actual impacts of large-scale operations have not been observed, a range of potential impacts can be projected.

16 Which of the following is the main idea of this passage?

- (A) Renewable energy sources and their impacts.
- (B) Hydroelectric energy and hydrokinetic power.
- (C) Biomass energy's impact on global warming.
- (D) The importance of conservation of wildlife habitats.
- 17According to the passage, which of the following is NOT mentioned to cause wildlife and habitat loss?(A) Wind power.(B) Solar power.(C) Biomass power.(D) Hydroelectric power.
- 18 According to the passage, which of the following renewable sources is likely to be influenced by the "moon"?
 (A) Solar power.
 (B) Wind power.

(C) Hydroelectric power. (D) Hydrokinetic power.

19 According to the passage, which renewable source burns materials like fossil fuels?

- (A) Biomass energy.
- (B) Geothermal energy.
- (C) Hydrokinetic energy.
- (D) Hydroelectric energy.
- 20 According to the passage, which of the following statements is true?
 - (A) Renewable energy sources do no harm to the environment like fossil fuels.
 - (B) Both Hydroelectric power and Hydrokinetic power are mature technology.
 - (C) Many kinds of renewable energy sources depend on the geographic location.
 - (D) Hydrokinetic energy requires an advanced cooling technology.

21 立法院就重大政策爭議,有由人民直接決定之必要者,得交付公民投票,由人民直接決定之。除 符合我國憲政體制為代議民主原則外,亦符合下列何項原則? (A)比例原則 (B)平等原則 (C)主權在民原則 (D)自由原則 22 法官因執行審判職務而侵害人民權利時,國家賠償法第13條設有特別規定。依司法院解釋意旨, 下列敘述何者並非該條之合憲理由? (A)倘有心證或見解上之差誤,訴訟制度本身已有糾正機能 (B)關於民、刑事之錯判案件,已有補償制度 (C)為維護審判獨立,難於避免之差誤,在合理範圍內,應予容忍 (D)因國家機關功能之差別,對國家賠償責任可為合理之不同規定 23 依司法院大法官解釋,下列何者並非憲法財產權之保障範圍? (A)震災急難救助之給付 (B)公務人員退休,依法令之規定請領福利互助金之權利 (C)因時效完成,向地政機關請求登記為地上權人之請求權 (D)十地被徵收之所有權人之收回權 24 依據釋憲實務見解,下列何者非採取嚴格審查? (A)禁止室外集會遊行主張共產主義的規定 (B)處罰顛覆政府言論的刑法規定 (C)集會遊行的禁制區規定 (D)化妝品廣告的事前審查規定 25 司法院釋字第 716 號解釋認公職人員利益衝突迴避法第 15 條,禁止公職人員及關係人與有關機 關交易,違者處交易行為金額1至3倍罰鍰之規定違憲。下列敘述何者錯誤? (A)該規定違反憲法第7條平等權 (B)該規定侵害公職人員之財產權 CI該規定固已預留視情節輕重而予處罰之裁量範圍,惟仍可能造成顯然過苛之處罰 (D)該規定不符憲法第23條比例原則 26 關於法人權利,下列敘述何者錯誤? (A)法人得為言論自由之主體 (B)法人不享有思想及良心自由 C)強制法人公開道歉,屬於對法人基本權利之合理限制 (D)法人得作為提起憲法訴訟之主體 27 行政院不得對立法院議決之下列何種議案提出覆議? (B)條約案 (A)法律案 (D) 人事案 (C)預算案 28 關於對行政院院長之不信任案,下列敘述何者錯誤? (A)提出不信任案,應有立法院全體立法委員3分之1以上連署 (B)不信任案須於立法院常會提出,不得於臨時會提出 (C)立法院對不信任案之表決應採記名投票方式 (D)不信任案應經全體立法委員2分之1以上贊成,始為通過 29 依憲法訴訟法之規定,下列何者不得請求憲法法庭判決? (A)人民遭受終審法院的敗訴判決確定,認為該法院裁判違憲 (B)中央認為地方立法侵害其中央立法權限而違憲 (C)法官認為其裁判上應適用的法律違憲 (D)内政部認為某政黨違憲 30 依憲法本文規定,下列何者不屬於中央自行立法並執行之事項? (A)國防與國防軍事 (B)司法制度 (C)國際貿易政策 (D)公共衛生